

KPMG Zone 25 C Ring Road Street 230, Building 246 PO Box 4473, Doha State of Qatar Telephone: +974 4457 6444

Fax: +974 4436 7411 Website: home.kpmg/qa

Independent auditors' report

To the Shareholders of

Al Khaleej Takaful Insurance Company Q.P.S.C.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Al Khaleej Takaful Insurance Q.P.S.C. (the 'Company') and its subsidiaries (together the 'Group'), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021 and the consolidated statements of policyholders' revenues and expenses, consolidated statement of policyholders' surplus, consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

in our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and the results of its operations, changes in consolidated policyholders' surplus, changes in consolidated shareholders' equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the State of Qatar, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of a Matter - Comparative Information

We draw attention to Note 41(b) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the comparative information presented as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020 has been restated. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of Takaful Convact Liabilities

See Note 4(G),5 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

The key audit matter

We focused on this area because:

- The Group's takaful contract liabilities represent 73% of its total liabilities relating to claims reported unsettled, claims incurred but not reported and other technical reserves and unearned contributions and mathematical reserves;
- the valuation of these takaful liabilities involves significant judgement regarding uncertainty in the estimation of future benefits payments and assessment of frequency and severity of claims. Estimating the reserves for claims incurred but not reported ('IBNR') and unearned contribution reserves ('UCR) involves undertaking significant judgements and assumptions along with the use of actuarial projections and techniques hence, we considered this to be a key audit matter; and
- internal claim development methods and actuarial models are used to support the calculation of insurance technical reserves. The complexity of the models may give rise to errors as a result of inaccurate/incomplete data or the design or application of the models may be inappropriate. Assumptions used in actuarial models, such as historical claims, which can be used to project the trend of future claims, is set up in applying estimates and judgements based on the experience analysis and future expectations by management.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures with the assistance of our specialist, included an ang others:

- testing the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls around recording of reserving process for reported claims, unreported claims and unearned contribution;
- testing samples of outstanding claims and related retakaful recoveries, focusing on those with most significant impact on the consolidated financial statements, to ssess whether claims and related recoveries are appropriately estimated;
- for major lines of business, we assessed the reasonableness of the key assumptions, such as loss ratios, risk factors, claims adjustment expenses, frequency and severity of claims, which were used in the valuation models and comparing them to the Group's historical data:
- evaluated whether reserving was consistent in approach, with sufficient justification for changes in assumptions. We used our industry knowledge to benchmark the Group's reserving methodologies and estimates of losses. Our audit focused on lines of business with most inherent uncertainty;
- we assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external independent actuarial experts engage by the Group;
- we also considered the appropriateness of information provided to external independent actuarial experts engaged by the Group and considered their scope of work and findings to corroborate adequacy of management estimates on claims reserving; and
- evaluating the adequacy of the Group's disclosures related to takaful contract liabilities in the consolidated financial statements by reference to the requirements of the relevant accounting standards.



Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at an | for the year ended 31 December 2020, excluding the retrospective adjustments described in Note 41 (b) to the consolidated fit ancial statements, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 28 March 2021.

As part of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021, we also audited the retrospective adjustments described in No e 41 (b) to the consolidated financial statements that were applied to restate the comparative information.

We were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the comparative information, other than with respect to the retrospective adjustments described in Note 41 (b) to the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on comparative information. However, in our opinion, the retrospective adjustments described in Note 41 (b) to the consolidated financial statements are appropriate and have been properly applied.

Other Information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information con prises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we have obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with FAS, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financia

Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to ssue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a gui rante, that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement is can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise profession if judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated nancial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, in entional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within
 the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision
 and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Qatar Commercial Companies Law No. 1 of 2015, whose certain provisions were subsequently amended by Law No. 8 of 2021 ("amended QCCL") and relevant pro isions of the Executive Insurance Instructions issued by the Qatar Central Bank, we also report that:

- I. We have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- II. The Company has maintained proper accounting records and its consulidated financial statements are in agreement therewith.
- III. We have not been provided with the report of the Board of directors to distermine whether there is any financial information contained therein is in agreement with the books of directors of the Group.
- IV. We are not aware of any violations of the applicable provisions to the amended QCCL or the terms of the Company's Articles of Association having occurred during the year which thight have had a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial position or performance as at and for till year ended 31 December 2021.

28 February 2022 Doha State of Qatar

Yacoub Hobelk

KPMG

Qatar Auditors' Registry Number 289

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